

Tool and equipment test for Honda

Testing resistance spot welding equipment



Honda Motor Europe

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1 Summary

1.1 Summary of rolling test specimens

Equipment manufacturer:	Civic rolling test specimens	CRV rolling test specimens
Gys Gyspot Inverter 125 L	120 points, OK	120 points, OK

1.2 Summary of micrographic test specimens

Equipment manufacturer:	Front frame sidemember		A-pillar		B-pillar		Rocker panel	
	Civic	CRV	Civic	CRV	Civic	CRV	Civic	CRV
Gys Gyspot Inverter 125 L	0	0	+	+	0	0	-	0

1.3 Summary of test results

Equipment manufacturer:	Civic test passed	CRV test passed	Overall test
Gys Gyspot Inverter 125 L	OK	OK	OK

2 Testing resistance spot welding equipment

2.1 Assessment of the handling of the machine

As it is not possible to assess all the characteristics of a mobile resistance spot welding machine with objectively measurable parameters, the tester or company carrying out the testing is given a list of questions. The list of questions serves as an aid to subjective assessment of the characteristics of the machine.

Parameters

- 1 Are the welding parameters set in the standard mode (main operating mode of the machine automatically selected after switching on) by means of data on the welding task (obvious criteria such as panel thickness for example)?
- 2 Can special conditions, e.g. "material coatings" (such as zinc coating), "multi-layer welds" (such as 3-panel joints) and "higher-strength steels" be set directly through the operating controls?
- 3 Can the current and time welding parameters be set directly?
- 4 Can welding parameters be stored as individual programmes and called up again?
- 5 Does the control system allow working with programmes/parameters? (Clear identification of the supplier of the parameters must be possible!)
- 6 Are directions on setting the electrode force provided directly on the machine or in the operating instructions?
- 7 What is the maximum electrode force?

Welding

- 1 Is welding prevented or aborted if the mains power is insufficient?
- 2 Is an automatic warning given by the machine if the mains power is insufficient?
- 3 Is the power sufficient for the welding tasks to be performed or are power reserves available?
- 4 Is it possible for the welding operation to be aborted during the preliminary compression phase?
- 5 Does the switch which triggers the welding process have a palpable on/off switching point?
- 6 Do the welding currents have a negative trend?
- 7 Did the assessment of the diameters of the spot welds produced during the welding tasks reveal a negative trend, i.e. decreasing spot weld diameters over a series of tests?
- 8 Does the machine control the welding current effectively?
- 9 Are data storage and data processing possible?
- 10 Does the machine store data on welding operations and evaluate it when necessary?



- Tool*
- 1 How would you assess the handling of the electrode holder as an essential tool? (Ability to reach welding locations and effort required or fatigue during welding; are effective aids provided to reduce the handling weight without significantly impairing working freedom?) - Test on 4 typical but not insignificant body parts on a vehicle selected by the testing company:
 - 2 Case 1: Welding in a back panel
 - 3 Case 2: Welding in a rear fender
 - 4 Case 3: Welding in the B-pillar and side members
 - 5 Case 4: Welding in a roof frame
 - 6 How much does the electrode holder weigh?
 - 7 Can external cables and/or hoses impede working with the electrode holder?
- Electrodes*
- 1 Are the electrodes guaranteed to be mounted securely in the holder so that they cannot twist?
 - 2 Can the electrode caps be changed?
 - 3 Do the electrode caps have (direct or indirect) water cooling?
 - 4 What range of electrode arms is available as standard?

2.2 Honda Civic materials

2.2.1 Honda welding task 1: A-pillar

Panel dimensions:

Panel 1: Skin panel

Material 1: Normal-strength steel
Thickness: 0.7 mm

Panel 2: Reinforcement

Material 2: High-strength steel
Thickness 2: 1.0 mm

Panel 3: Inner panel

Material 3: High-strength steel
Thickness 3: 1.25 mm





2.2.2 Honda welding task 2: B-pillar

Panel dimensions:

Panel 1: Skin panel

Material 1: Normal-strength steel
Thickness: 0.7 mm

Panel 2: Reinforcement

Material 2: High-strength steel
Thickness 2: 1.25 mm





2.2.3 Honda welding task 3: rocker panel

Panel dimensions:

Panel 1: Skin panel

Material 1: Normal-strength steel
Thickness: 0.7 mm

Panel 2: Reinforcement

Material 2: High-strength steel
Thickness 2: 1.5 mm



2.2.4 Honda welding task 4: frame side member

Panel dimensions

Panel 1: Skin panel

Material 1: Normal-strength steel
Thickness: 2.0 mm

Panel 2: Inner panel

Material 3: High-strength steel
Thickness 3: 2.0 mm



2.3 Honda CRV materials

2.3.1 Honda welding task 1: A-pillar

Panel dimensions:

Panel 1: Skin panel

Material 1: Normal-strength steel
Thickness: 0.7 mm

Panel 2: Reinforcement

Material 2: High-strength steel
Thickness 2: 2.0 mm

Panel 3: Inner panel

Material 3: High-strength steel
Thickness 3: 1.25 mm





2.3.2 Honda welding task 2: B-pillar

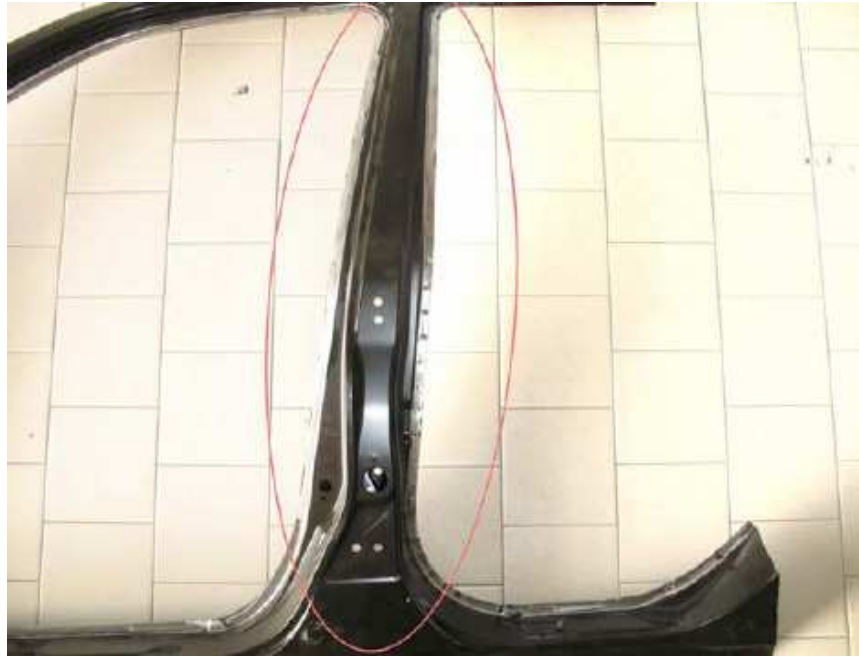
Panel dimensions:

Panel 1: Skin panel

Material 1: Normal-strength steel
Thickness: 0.7 mm

Panel 2: Reinforcement

Material 2: High-strength steel
Thickness 2: 1.25 mm



2.3.3 Honda Schweißaufgabe 3: Schweller

*Abmessungen der
Bleche:*

Blech 1: Außenblech

Werkstoff 1: Normal-strength steel
Dicke: 0.7 mm

Blech 2: Verstärkungsblech

Werkstoff 2: High-strength steel
Dicke 2: 1.0 mm



2.3.4 Honda welding task 4: frame side member

Panel dimensions:

Panel 1: Skin panel

Material 1: Normal-strength steel
Thickness: 2.0 mm

Panel 2: Inner panel

Material 3: High-strength steel
Thickness 3: 2.2 mm

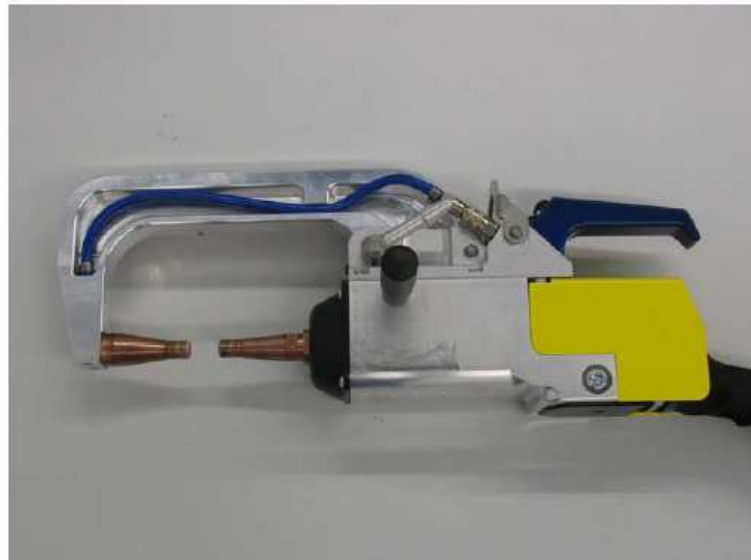


3.6 Gys Gyspot Inverter 125 L

*GYSPOT Inverter 125 L
Gys
welding machine*



C-type electrode holder





Operating controls and
weld tester on the
Gys welding machine



Type plate

GYS www.gys.fr 53940 Saint-Berthevin - Laval - FRANCE			
GYS SPOT INVERTER 125 L NF A82-020	N°	061106135	
U_{IN}	3 ~	50/60 Hz	380/415 V
S_D	9 kVA (S₅₀ 18 kVA)		
S_{max}	120 kVA		
U₂₀	1,6 V à 16 V		100 positions
I_{2 CC}	1 kA	12 kA	



3.6.1 Technical characteristics of the welding machine

List of technical characteristics	Art. Nr. 019201
Data	Ident. Nr. 061106135
Welding transformer/input frequency	1000 Hz
Welding current	12 KA
Max. welding power (rms) / 380 V	120 KA
Mains power supply	
Thermal overload protection	Yes
Mains protection 380-415 V 210-230 V	32 A / 50 A
Mains lead 8 m	Yes
Water cooling	Yes 30 litre
Dimensions (Height x Breadth x Depth)	2050x800x650 mm
Weight	140 kg
Electrode holder	
Electrode force 120 mm/8 bar	550 daN
Electrode diameter	13 mm
Welding cable diameter	180 mm ²
Welding cable length	2,5 m
Weight	5,6 kg
Butt welding gun	
Welding cable length	3 m
Ground cable length	2 m
Welding cable diameter	150 mm ²
Set of electrodes 120 mm	100 mm
Accessories	
Trolley	Yes
Welding cable balancer	Yes
Panel beating hammer	Yes
Set comprising studs, carbon electrode contacts, extraction plates	Yes
Water cooling unit	
Mains supply voltage	Yes
Mains protection	Yes
Cooling unit with water recooling	Yes
Cooling liquid	30 litre
Base cooling temperature	25°
Welding cable water cooling	Yes
Electrode arm water cooling	Yes
Electrode cap water cooling	No
Butt welder functions	
Welding uncoated panels	Yes
Welding zinc-coated panels	Yes
Pulse welding	No
Air puller connection	No
Dent removal with welded plates	Yes
Welding on T-pins	Yes
Welding on fir tree pins	Yes
Welding on threaded nuts	Yes
Welding on threaded pins	Yes
Welding on wave wire	Yes
Panel shrinking using the carbon electrode	Yes



3.6.2 Assessment of the handling of the machine

As it is not possible to assess all the characteristics of a mobile resistance spot welding machine with objectively measurable parameters, the tester or company carrying out the testing is given a list of questions. The list of questions serves as an aid to subjective assessment of the characteristics of the machine.

Parameters

1. Are the welding parameters set in the standard mode (main operating mode of the machine automatically selected after switching on) by means of data on the welding task (obvious criteria such as panel thickness for example)?
 - Yes
2. Can special conditions, e.g. "material coatings" (such as zinc coating), "multi-layer welds" (such as 3-panel joints) and "higher strength steels" be set directly through the operating controls?
 - Yes
3. Can the current and time welding parameters be set directly?
 - Only time welding
4. Can welding parameters be stored as individual programmes and called up again?
 - Yes
5. Does the control system allow working with programmes/parameters? (Clear identification of the supplier of the parameters must be possible!)
 - No
6. Are directions on setting the electrode force provided directly on the machine or in the operating instructions?
 - No
7. What is the maximum electrode force?
 - Over 350 daN

- Welding*
1. Is welding prevented or aborted if the mains power is insufficient?
 - In our test the equipment did not come to this point. This is not reached in normal workshop operations.
 2. Is the power sufficient for the welding tasks to be performed or are power reserves available?
 - The power reserves are sufficient.
 3. Does the switch which triggers the welding process have a palpable on/off switching point?
 - There is a palpable on / off switching point
 4. Do the welding currents have a negative trend?
 - There is no detectable negative trend in the welding currents
 5. Did the assessment of the diameters of the spot welds produced during the welding tasks reveal a negative trend, i.e. decreasing spot weld diameters over a series of tests?
 - The spot weld diameters were constant over the series of tests
 6. Does the machine control the welding current effectively?
 - The welding current is controlled effectively
 7. Are data storage and data processing possible?
 - Data storage is not possible
 8. Does the machine store data on welding operations and evaluate it when necessary?
 - Welding data is not stored in the machine



<i>Tool</i>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. How would you assess the handling of the electrode holder as an essential tool? (Ability to reach welding locations and effort required or fatigue during welding; are effective aids provided to reduce the handling weight without significantly impairing working freedom?) - Test on 4 typical but not insignificant body parts on a vehicle selected by the testing company: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The weight of the cables and electrode holder is reduced with a balancer 2. Case 1: Welding in a back panel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It is possible to weld in a back panel on the Honda CRV 3. Case 2: Welding in a rear fender <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It is possible to weld in a rear fender on the Honda CRV 4. Case 3: Welding in the B-pillar and side members <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It is possible to weld in the B-pillar and side members on the Honda CRV Max 5. Case 4: Welding in a roof frame <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It is generally possible to weld in a roof frame on the Honda CRV although it may be necessary to modify the electrode holder 6. How much does the electrode holder weigh? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The weight of the electrode holder and cables is 13 kg 7. Can external cables and/or hoses impede working with the electrode holder? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The cables and the hoses do not get in the way when working
<i>Electrodes</i>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Are the electrodes guaranteed to be mounted securely in the holder so that they cannot twist? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Secure twist-free mounting is guaranteed 2. Can the electrode caps be changed? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The caps can be changed 3. Do the electrode caps have (direct or indirect) water cooling? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The electrode caps have indirect water cooling
<i>Current source</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 400 V, 3-phase, 50 amp fuse
<i>Electrode holder</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • X-type electrode holder • Handling of the electrode holder is made easier with the balancer supplied • External cables and/or hoses cannot get in the way when working with the electrode holder.

3.6.3 Setting parameters

Welding task	Vehicle	Material thickness	Setting parameter
A-pillar	Einstellung Civic	0,7mm/ 1,0mm/ 1,25mm	350daN/ 580ms/ 10000A
	Einstellung CRV	0,7mm/ 2,0mm/ 1,25mm	350daN/ 580ms/ 10000A
B-pillar	Einstellung Civic	0,7mm/ 1,25mm	300ms/ 8000A/ 280daN
	Einstellung CRV	0,7mm/ 1,25mm	300ms/ 8000A/ 280daN
Rocker panel	Einstellung Civic	0,7mm/ 1,25mm	300ms/ 8000A/ 280daN
	Einstellung CRV	0,7mm/ 1,0mm	300ms/ 8000A/ 200daN
Frame side member	Einstellung Civic	2,0mm/ 2,0mm	580ms/ 10000A/ 400daN
	Einstellung CRV	2,0mm/ 2,2mm	550ms/ 9500A/ 350daN

3.6.4 Assessment of the welding tasks

This overview lists the main points for assessment of the welding tasks and describes the criteria.

Scope	Main point	Assessment criteria
All welding tasks	Assessment of spot weld sizes	Spot weld $\varnothing > 4 \times \sqrt{t}$ 10 points each A maximum of 240 points can be scored with 4 welding tasks each comprising 24 welds
All welding tasks	The welding parameters are not established in the documentation accompanying the machine or its operation or are in conflict with these.	No 0 points Yes (is so) -25 points Maximum deduction -100 points with non-compliance in all 4 welding tasks
All welding tasks	Machine interrupts working on the welding task (safety cut-off)	For each 30 second break -5 points
All welding tasks	Machine interrupts working on the welding task (fuse blows)	For each fuse -5 points
Honda - Total possible points 240		



3.6.5 Rolling test specimens

Honda Civic

Welding task 1
3-panel joint

A-pillar

No.	Point 1	Point 1	Average	Point 2	Point 2	Average
	Normal-strength steel			High-strength steel		
	0,7 mm	1,0 mm	3,5 mm	1,0 mm	1,25 mm	4,0 mm
1	7,4	7,2	7,3	6,9	6,7	6,8
2	6,9	6,7	6,8	6,6	6,8	6,7
3	Micrographic test specimen					

Welding task 2
2-panel joint

B-pillar

No.	Point 1	Point 1	Average
	Normal-strength steel		High-strength steel
	0,7 mm		1,25 mm
1	5,8		6,2
2	6,2		6,8
3	Micrographic test specimen		

Welding task 3
2-panel joint

Rocker panel

No.	Point 1	Point 1	Average
	Normal-strength steel		High-strength steel
	0,7 mm		1,25 mm
1	6,2		6,0
2	5,0		5,4
3	Micrographic test specimen		

Welding task 4
2-panel joint

Frame side member

No.	Point 1	Point 1	Average
	Normal-strength steel		High-strength steel
	2,0 mm		2,0 mm
1	7,6		7,4
2	6,6		6,8
3	Micrographic test specimen		

Honda CRV

Schweißaufgabe 1
3-Blechverbindung

A-Säule

No.	Point 1	Point 1	Average	Point 2	Point 2	Average
	Normal-strength steel			High-strength steel		
	0,7 mm	2,0 mm	3,5 mm	2,0 mm	1,25 mm	4,5 mm
1	7,7	7,5	7,6	7,6	7,4	7,5
2	7,1	7,3	7,2	7,7	7,5	7,6
3	Micrographic test specimen					

Schweißaufgabe 2
2-Blechverbindung

B-Säule

No.	Point 1	Point 1	Average
	Normal-strength steel		High-strength steel
	0,7 mm		1,25 mm
1	5,6		5,2
2	5,0		4,8
3	Micrographic test specimen		

Schweißaufgabe 3
2-Blechverbindung

Schweller

No.	Point 1	Point 1	Average
	Normal-strength steel		High-strength steel
	0,7 mm		1,25 mm
1	6,5		6,3
2	6,0		5,6
3	Micrographic test specimen		

Schweißaufgabe 4
2-Blechverbindung

Rahmenlängsträger

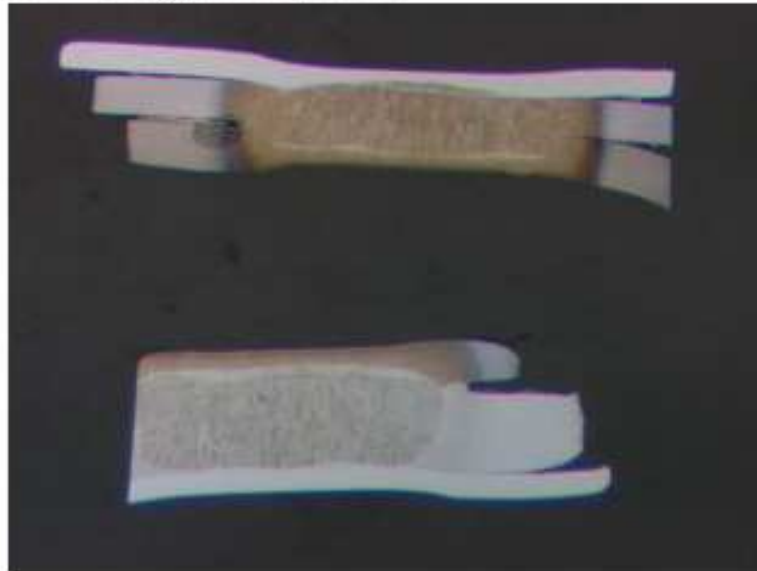
No.	Point 1	Point 1	Average
	Normal-strength steel		High-strength steel
	2,0 mm		2,0 mm
1	6,9		6,9
2	7,3		7,1
3	Micrographic test specimen		

3.6.6 Micrographic test specimens

*Micrographic assessment
Welding task 1
A-pillar*

*Spot weld for Civic top,
CRV bottom*

*Finding:
Cracks*



*Micrographic assessment
Welding task 2
B-pillar*

*Spot weld for Civic top,
CRV bottom*

*Finding:
fine cracks*





*Micrographic assessment
Welding task 3
Rocker panel*

*Spot weld for Civic top,
CVR bottom*

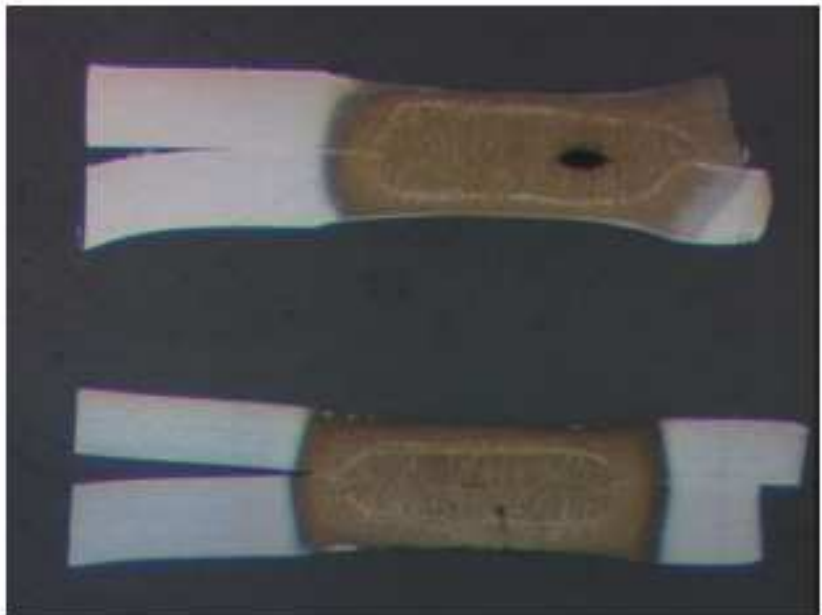
*Finding:
little blowhole, partly
cracks*



*Micrographic assessment
Welding task 4
Frame side member*

*Spot weld for Civic top,
CVR bottom*

*Finding:
Pores, blowhole, cracks*





3.6.6.1 Assessment of the micrographic test specimens

The micrographic test specimens are being finally assessed by Honda, when any defects will be graded as being unacceptable or acceptable.

The grading basis is as follows:

- Micrographic test specimen OK: +
- Micrographic test specimen imperfect but acceptable: 0
- Micrographic test specimen unacceptable: -

	Civic	CRV
Welding task 1, A-pillar	0	0
Grading		
Welding task 2, B-pillar	+	+
Grading		
Welding task 3, rocker panel	0	0
Grading		
Welding task 4, frame side member	-	0
Grading		

3.6.7 Overall assessment

OK